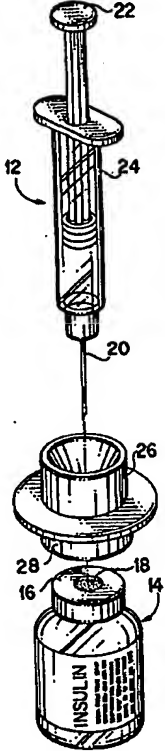


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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US94/06304 (22) International Filing Date: 6 June 1994 (06.06.94) (71)(72) Applicant and Inventor: SCHRAGA, Steven [US/US]; 1130 Northeast 179th Street, North Miami Beach, FL 33162 (US). (74) Agent: MALLOY, Jennie, Sue; Malloy & Malloy, P.A., One Biscayne Tower, Suite 3760, Miami, FL 33131 (US).		(81) Designated States: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, UZ, VN, European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published <i>With international search report.</i>
(54) Title: AN ADAPTOR FOR MEDICINE BOTTLE (57) Abstract <p>For interconnecting a syringe (12) with a barrel (24) and needle to a bottle (14) of medicine wherein the bottle (14) has a generally cylindrical cap (16) with a central target zone (18) of relatively small diameter to be pierced by the needle (14), wherein the adaptor (26) includes a body having a first end with a truncated cone-shaped mouth (34) converging from the first end and an opposite end with a recess sized to receive the bottle cap, the cone-shaped surface (34) of the mouth being adapted to guide the needle (14) into generally co-axial alignment with the bottle and toward the target zone of the bottle cap.</p> 		

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An adaptor for medicine bottle.

Field of the Invention

5 This invention is a guide adaptor to be inserted over the cap and needle target zone therein of a medicine bottle to assist a user in piercing the target zone with the needle.

Summary of the Invention

10 Some persons regularly use a syringe to inject a dose of medicine, for example, self-administered insulin shots are common by patients. Often such patients are frail, tremble, or have poor eyesight and find it difficult to load their syringe. This is
15 because the typical bottle cap has a relatively small pierceable disk located in the central zone of its cap. This disk is pierced by the needle of the syringe prior to charging the syringe and the small disk presents a small target for the patient.
20 Further, it is difficult, if not impossible, for some patients because often the narrow needle shaft must be pushed co-axially generally into the bottle when the bottle and syringe are tilted or inverted which is a relatively awkward movement with one hand pushing
25 toward the other hand.

 This invention is of an adaptor a) which fits over the bottle cap; b) with a bore to face the needle target or central zone of the cap; and c) with a wide mouth to face away from the needle target and a cone-shaped wall surface to guide the needle tip to the
30 needle target in the cap. The adaptor is made of durable molded plastic material and may be transparent.

Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 is an exploded view of the syringe, adaptor and medicine bottle; and

5 Figure 2 is an exploded view of the syringe and adaptor, the latter being shown in cross-section.

Figure 3 is an exploded view of a syringe and medicine bottle with an alternative embodiment of the adaptor, seen in cross-section.

10 Figure 4 is a partial view in cross-section taken on the plane indicated by the arrowed line 4-4 of Figure 3.

Description of First Preferred Embodiment

15 In Figure 1, there is shown a syringe 12 and a medicine bottle such as one of insulin which is designated by the numeral 14. The bottle 14 has a cap 16 which is usually about one-half inch in diameter with a central zone or target 18 of pierceable material, which is usually about one-quarter inch in diameter. In use, the needle 20 of the syringe is
20 inserted through the target or central zone 18 ordinarily with the bottle tilted or inverted. Then, the plunger 22 is withdrawn sucking a charge of insulin into the needle barrel 24.

25 This invention provides an adaptor generally designated by the numeral 26 which is to be disposed between the bottle and the plunger. The adaptor 26 includes an axial passageway. Thus, a skirt 28 with a counter bore as at 30, see Figure 2, which may be threaded to coact with optional threads on the
30 exterior surface of the cap 16, not shown; or it may be sized for snug receipt over the cap, as in Figure 1. The adaptor includes a shield 32, preferably, which is for sliding axial movement of the adaptor

5 onto the bottle cap. The adaptor has an upwardly
extending truncated cone-shaped defining structure 34
which provides a guiding surface 36 so that the needle
is guided to the central bore 38 at its narrowest
10 diameter which is aligned by the adaptor with the
target zone 18 of the cap. In use, a frail or
trembling patient who has difficulty controlling
movements or who has poor eyesight, inserts the
adaptor over the bottled cap by pushing on the large
15 diameter shield which makes that movement quite easy
to accomplish. In that embodiment of Figure 2, it is
threadably connected. The needle is then inserted
into the wide mouth being guided by the cone-shaped
surface and structure through the mouth, through the
20 bore, and into the bottle passing through the target
zone as axial pressure is applied to the syringe. The
central bore is substantially the same diameter as the
target zone where it interfaces with it. Thereafter,
the syringe and bottle with the adaptor are tilted or
inverted and the plunger is withdrawn charging a dose
into the syringe barrel to be injected.

25 In one embodiment to the adaptor, there is
provided a cap cover 40 in a hinge flap 42 of
relatively thin cross-section which may be used to
cover the mouth of the cone-shaped structure. The
plastic memory of the plastic tends to keep the cap
cover and hinge flap in the normal position shown; but
to cover the cap, it may be hingedly moved so that the
opening 44 receives the cone defining structure being
cooperatively configured and structured for this.

30 In the embodiment of Figures 3 and 4, the syringe
12 and needle end are guided by the truncated cone-
shaped walls of the mouth structure 110 of an adaptor
112 which has an annular push flange 114 between one

end face 116 and an opposite end face 118. The end face 118 has an opening to receive the cap 120 of the medicine bottle 122. The cap has a pierceable target zone 125. The end face 118 about the opening may include means to engage the bottle cap, such as the annular ridge 124. Between the mouth structure 110 and the end face 118, there is a relatively tubular portion which defines a chamber to receive the syringe barrel which conventionally has dose size indicating indicia therealong, see at 117. The wall of the tubular portion is thickened as at 119 to provide magnifying means for a user with poor eyesight.

While plastic material is described, the adaptor may be of glass paper which can be readily sterilized in conventional medical appliances. It will be appreciated that the tip zone of the barrel 41 of the syringe, which holds the needle, is received in the bore 38 which in use stabilizes and tends to maintain the syringe in co-axial alignment with the adaptor and, accordingly, this structure may be described as means to stabilize and tending to maintain the syringe in co-axial alignment with the adaptor, bottle and the target zone of the bottle cap defined by the pierceable central portion.

While this invention has been shown and described in what is considered to be practical and preferred embodiments, it is recognized that departures may be made within the spirit and scope of this invention which should therefore not be limited except as set forth in the claims which follow and within the doctrine of equivalents.

Claims

1. For use in charging a dose of medicine through the mouth of a medicine bottle into a syringe having an exterior surface and which syringe includes
5 a barrel and needle extending from the barrel:

a medicine bottle cap and a mating tubular adaptor,

said cap being sized and configured to engage the medicine bottle and close the bottle mouth and said cap having a central target zone of fixed
10 diameter in covering relation of a portion of the bottle mouth,

said target zone comprising pierceable material to be pierced by the needle to withdraw medicine and charge the syringe barrel with a dose of
15 said medicine,

said mating tubular adaptor having a through axial passageway, said adaptor including

a) a first end zone with an outer axially facing surface and defining a recessed skirt portion of said passageway extending axially from said
20 outer axially facing surface and into said first end zone, said skirt portion being sized and adapted to receive said bottle cap in said recessed skirt position and comprising means to removably fasten said
25 cap to said adaptor and maintain said adaptor and bottle cap in co-axial alignment,

b) a second end zone with an outer axially facing surface, said second end zone having a single truncated, cone-shaped recessed portion co-axial with said skirt portion, said truncated, cone-shaped recessed portion converging at a substantially
30 constant slope from an enlarged mouth at the outer axially facing surface of said second end zone, with

said mouth having a diameter greater than said target zone diameter,

5 c) an intermediate portion between the first and second end zones having a bore inter-connecting said cone-shaped recess and said skirt, said bore having a diameter substantially equal to said target zone diameter,

10 d) said cone-shaped surface of said recessed portion defining a needle guide means for the distal end of said needle to guide the distal end of the needle to and through said bore and target zone upon the application of a generally co-axially directed force toward the first end to pierce the central target zone of said cap.

15 2. A medicine bottle cap and mating tubular adaptor as set forth in claim 1 wherein said adaptor is provided by an annular flange between the outer axially facing surface of said first and second end zones to be gripped by a user to apply axial force to push the adaptor onto a bottle cap or to withdraw the adaptor from a bottle cap.

20 3. A medicine bottle cap and mating tubular adaptor as set forth in claim 1 wherein the adaptor includes a hingedly connected cap cover with a recess, sized and configured to cover and receive the second end zone and receive the cone-shaped recess defining structure on swinging movement from a normal position.

25 4. A medicine bottle cap and mating tubular adaptor as set forth in claim 1 wherein the first end zone is internally threaded about the through opening.

30 5. A medicine bottle cap and mating tubular adaptor as set forth in claim 1 wherein said adaptor is of transparent material.

6. A medicine bottle cap and mating tubular
adaptor as set forth in claim 1 wherein the adaptor is
transparent and is sized and configured to
substantially receive the needle barrel therein
between the end faces and the adaptor includes
magnifying means to enlarge the image of indicia on
the barrel.

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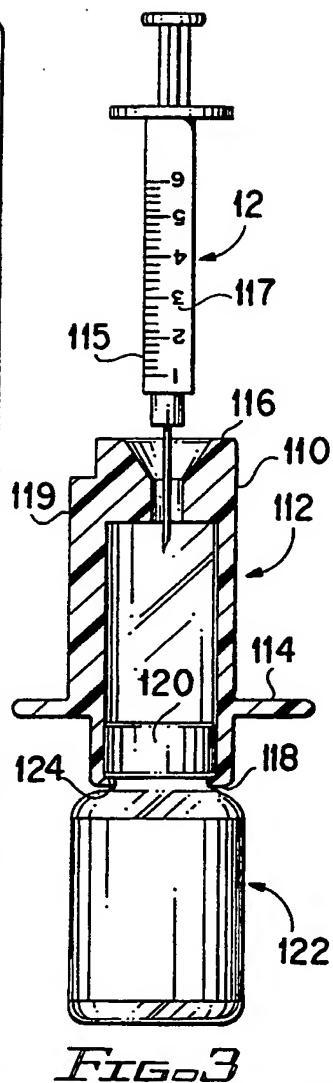
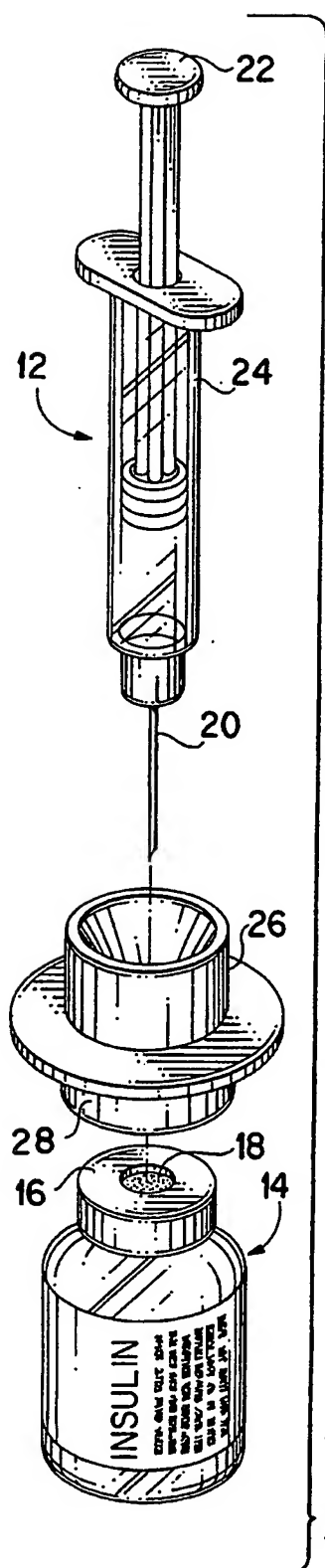


FIG. 3

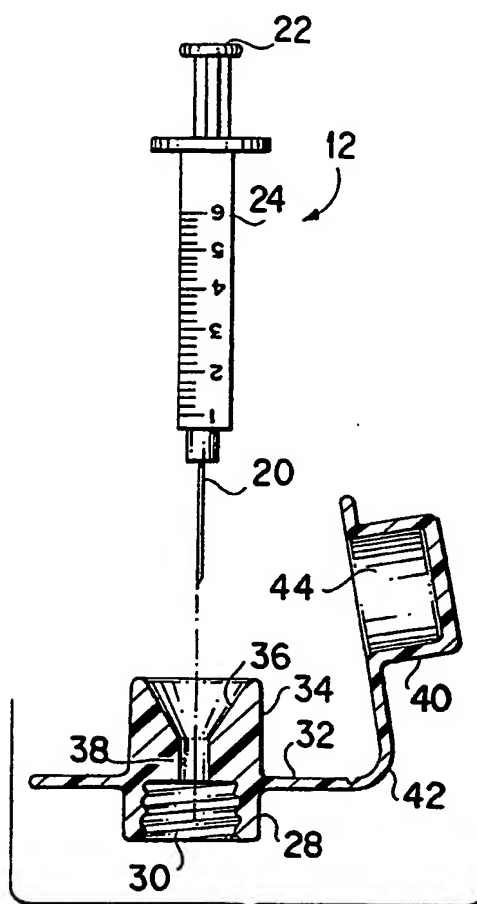


FIG. 2

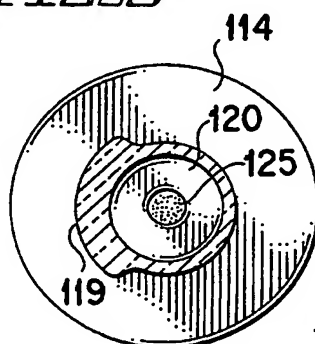


FIG. 4

FIG. 1

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US94/06304

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(5) : A61M 5/32

US CL : 215/247, 604,415, 141/329

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 141/329, 330, 215/DIG3, 604/87, 411, 414, 416

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US, A, 5,088,996 (KOPFER ET AL.) 18 February 1992, see entire document	1-6
X	US, A, 5,171,214 (KOLBER) 15 December 1992, see entire document	1-6
A	US, A, 5,202,093 (CLOYD) 13 April 1993	1
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